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UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR VETERANS CLAIMS

LARRY D. EDWARDS,)	
Appellant,)	
)	
v.)	Vet. App. No. 20-7244
)	
DENIS MCDONOUGH,)	
Secretary of Veterans Affairs,)	
)	
Appellee.)	

APPELLANT'S APPLICATION FOR AN AWARD OF REASONABLE ATTORNEY FEES AND EXPENSES UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2412(D)

Pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 28 U.S.C. §2412(d), Appellant, Larry D. Edwards, moves this Court for an award of reasonable attorney fees and expenses. Appellant seeks an award in the amount of \$22,342.80 for litigating the merits of this appeal and drafting this petition. In support of this motion, Appellant submits that: (1) he is entitled to an award of attorney fees and expenses under EAJA, 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d); and, (2) an award of \$22,342.80 is reasonable and appropriate.

PRELIMINARY STATEMENT

In 1980, Congress passed the EAJA in response to its concern that persons "may be deterred from seeking review of, or defending against, unreasonable governmental action because of the expense involved in securing the vindication of their rights." Pub. L. No. 96-481, tit. II, §204(a), (c), 94 Stat. 2327, 2329 (1980); *Sullivan v. Hudson*, 109 S.Ct. 2248, 2253 (1989). As the Senate observed, in instances in which the cost of securing vindication exceeds the amount at stake, "it is more practical to endure an injustice than to contest it." S. Rep. No. 96-253, 96th Cong., 1st Sess. 5 (1979). The purpose of the EAJA's fee-shifting provisions is thus "to eliminate for the average person

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the financial disincentive to challenge unreasonable government actions." *Commissioner, I.N.S. v. Jean,* 110 S.Ct. 2316, 2321 (1990).

It has since become clear that the EAJA applies to proceedings in this Court. In the Federal Courts Administration Act of 1992, Congress amended section 2412(d)(2)(F) to add the United States Court of Veterans Appeals (now Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims) to the definition of Courts authorized to make awards under the EAJA. Pub. L. No. 102-572, tit. V § 506(b), 106 Stat. 4506, 4513 (1993) (found at 28 U.S.C. § 2412 note); S. Rep. No. 342, 102d Cong., 2d Sess. 39 (1992), [hereinafter "S. Rep"]). *See Jones v. Principi*, 985 F.2d 582 (Fed. Cir. 1992) (vacating and remanding *Jones v. Derwinski*, in light of the Federal Courts Administration Act). In amending the EAJA to apply to appeals to this Court, Congress affirmed the Act's objective of eliminating financial deterrents to defend against unreasonable government action, observing that "[v]eterans are exactly the type of individuals the statute was intended to help." S. Rep. at 39.

It is also clear that the EAJA amendment applies in this case. The amendment applies, *inter alia*, "to any case pending before the United States Court of Veterans Appeals on the date of the enactment of this Act, to any appeal filed in that court on or after such date in the United States Court of Appeals for the Federal Circuit." Pub. L. No. 102-572, tit. V, §506(b), 106 Stat. 4506, 4513 (1992) (found at 28 U.S.C. §2412 note). The instant case was pending in the United States Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims after October 29, 1992, when the EAJA amendment became effective.

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SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS

This case involves the Board's decision dated August 5, 2020, to the extent it denied entitlement to service connection for a cervical spine injury.

In March 2023 a panel of the Court issued a decision that set aside the above noted Board decision and remanded the matter. Specifically, the Court determined that the Board failed to clarify the Appellant's intention of Notice of Disagreement (NOD), as required by § 20.202(f). The Court also found that the Board erred in relying on the November 2019 VA medical opinion.

ARGUMENT

I. APPELLANT IS ENTITLED TO AN AWARD OF ATTORNEY FEES AND EXPENSES UNDER EAJA, 28 U.S.C. § 2412(D).

There are four statutory requirements that a party must satisfy to be eligible for an award of attorney's fees under EAJA, 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d). They are: (1) the party must have been a "prevailing party;" (2) the party must be eligible to receive an award under this subsection;" (3) the position of the United States must not have been "substantially justified;" and (4) there must be no special circumstances which would make an award unjust. If these requirements are met, the Court "shall award" reasonable fees and expenses. *Gavette v. Office of Personnel Management*, 808 F.2d 1456, 1466 (Fed. Cir. 1986) (en banc). As shown below, Appellant meets these requirements.

A. Appellant is a Prevailing Party

Generally, to be a prevailing party, a party must receive "at least some relief on the merits" and the relief must materially alter the legal relationship of the parties. Higher Taste v. City of Tacoma, 717 F.3d 712 (Fed. Cir. 2013) citing Buckhannon Board & Care Home, Inc. v. West Virginia Department of Health & Human Res., 532 U.S. 598 (2001). More specifically, a party prevails with respect to the EAJA if they "succeed on

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any significant issue in the litigation which achieves some of the benefit the parties sought in bringing the suit." *Hensley v. Eckhart*, 461 U.S. 424, 433 (1983) (citations omitted); *see also Sullivan v. Hudson*, 109 S. Ct. 2248, 255 (1989); *Texas State Teachers Ass'n v. Garland Indep. School Dist.*, 109 S. Ct. 1486, 1491-92 (1989). In making this inquiry "substance should prevail over form." *Devine v. Sutermeister*, 733 F.2d 892 (Fed. Cir. 1984). In *Lematta v. Brown*, 8 Vet. App. 504 (1996), this Court held "[I]t is enough for the Court to make some 'substantive determination in [the] appeal, based upon the record, the parties' pleadings, and the Court's precedent, that is favorable to the appellant." *Id.* at 508 (quoting *Stillwell v. Brown*, 6 Vet. App. 291, 301 (1994)).

The Federal Circuit has issued several decisions relating to the attainment of prevailing party status under the EAJA. In Vaughn v. Principi, 336 F. 3d 1360 (Fed. Cir. 2003), the court held that a remand to an administrative agency, to consider the effects of legislation enacted while the case is on appeal does not constitute securing relief on the merits for prevailing party purposes. *Id.*, at 1366. There, the Court affirmed the CAVC's findings that prevailing party status did not attach based on, *inter alia*, the catalyst theory. Id., citing Buckhannon Board & Care Home, Inc. v. West Virginia Department of Health & Human Res. 532 U.S. 598 (2001)(Rejecting the catalyst theory as a basis for fee awards and holding that enforceable judgments on the merits and court-ordered consent decrees create the "material alteration of the legal relationship of the parties). Notably, that case involved a remand for re-adjudication solely in light of the enactment of the VCAA – as opposed to based on VA error. See Vaughn v. Principi, 15 Vet. App. at 280; see also Akers v. Sec'y of Veterans Affairs 04-7132 (Fed. Cir. May 26, 2005) (affirming the CAVC determination that Appellant was not a prevailing party inasmuch as the Board decision on appeal was vacated and remanded as a result of a change in law subsequent to the Board's decision and did not involve a direct finding by the Court on the merits or an order to do anything as a result of an error found either by the Court or the parties.)

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In Former Employees of Motorola Ceramic Products v. United States, 336 F. 3d 1360 (Fed. Cir. 2003), the Federal Circuit addressed the meaning of "prevailing party" and appeared to clarify its decision in Vaughn. There, the court made clear, inter alia, that "where a plaintiff secures a remand requiring further agency proceedings because of alleged error by the agency, the plaintiff qualifies as a prevailing party [] without regard to the outcome of the agency proceedings where there has been no retention of jurisdiction by the court. . " Id., at 1360; see also Rice Services, Ltd., v. United States, 405 F.3d 1017 (Fed. Cir. 2005) (Acknowledging Motorola for the principle that a remand order to an administrative agency from a court proceeding constitutes the securing of relief on the merits sufficient to attain prevailing party status); Kelly v. Nicholson, 463 F.3d 1349 (Fed. Cir. 2006).

Most recently, the Federal Circuit in *Dover v. McDonald*, 818 F.3d 1316 (Fed. Cir. 2016), set out a three-part test "to determine a prevailing party status under the EAJA on administrative agency remands." Under this three-part test, a party is a prevailing party if (1) the remand was granted based upon or triggered by administrative error, (2) the remanding court did not retain jurisdiction, and (3) the remand clearly orders further agency proceedings, which allows the party "the possibility of attaining a favorable merits determination." *Blue v. Wilkie*, 30 Vet. App. 61 (2018), *citing Dover v. McDonald*, 818 F.3d 1316 (Fed. Cir. 2016). Therefore, by applying the three-part test from *Dover*, the court here should find that Appellant is a prevailing party.

In this case, unlike the facts in either *Vaughn* or *Akers, supra*, the Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims issued a decision that set aside the above noted Board decision and remanded the matter. Specifically, the Court determined that the Board failed to clarify the Appellant's intention of Notice of Disagreement (NOD), as required by § 20.202(f). The Court also found that the Board erred in relying on the November 2019 VA medical opinion.

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B. Appellant is a Person Eligible to Receive an Award Under 28 U.S.C. § 2412(2).

In order to be eligible to file a petition for fees under 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d), a prevailing party must not be: (i) an individual whose net worth exceeded \$2,000,000.00 at the time the litigation began, nor (ii) a business entity whose net worth exceeded \$7,000,000.00 and which had more than 500 employees at the time the litigation began. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(B)(i), (ii).

Appellant had a net worth *under* \$2,000,000.00 on the date this action was commenced. (*See* Exhibit A, Certification of Net Worth). Moreover, Appellant was not a business entity. Therefore, Appellant is a person eligible to receive an award under the EAJA.

C. The Position of the Government was not Substantially Justified.

In order to be considered "substantially justified" under the EAJA, the government must show that its position was "justified to a degree that could satisfy a reasonable person," i.e., has a reasonable basis in both law and fact. *Pierce v. Underwood*, 108 S. Ct. 2541, 2549-50 (1988); *Beta Systems v. United States*, 866 F.2d 1404, 1406 (Fed. Cir. 1989). The burden is on the Secretary to demonstrate that his position was substantially justified. *Brewer v. American Battle Monument Comm'n*, 814 F.2d 1964, 1569 (Fed. Cir. 1987); *Gavette*, 808 F.2d at 1465-66; *Essex Electro Eng'rs v. United States*, 757 F.2d 247, 252 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

To determine whether the government's position was substantially justified, the Court is "instructed to look at the entirety of the government's conduct and make a judgment call whether the government's overall position has a reasonable basis both in law and fact." *Chiu v. United States*, 948 F.2d 711, 715 (Fed. Cir. 1991). The "overall" position is that taken by the government "both prior to and during litigation." *Id.* Thus, to prevail on "substantial justification" in this case, the government must demonstrate

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that the agency action leading to litigation, i.e. the denial of Appellant's claim, as well as its litigation position in this Court, were "overall reasonable."

This Court further explained substantial justification in *Moore v. Gober*, 10 Vet. App. 436 (1997). In *Moore*, the Court held that in order "[t]o determine whether the Secretary's position was 'reasonable' during the administrative proceedings, the Court looks to the relevant determinative circumstances, including the state of the law at the time of the BVA decision." *Id.* at 440 (citing *Bowyer v. Brown*, 7 Vet. App. 549, 552 (1995)).

In this case, the government's position leading up to, and throughout this litigation was not "substantially justified" where the Court issued a decision that set aside the above noted Board decision and remanded the matter. Specifically, the Court determined that the Board failed to clarify the Appellant's intention of Notice of Disagreement (NOD), as required by § 20.202(f). The Court also found that the Board erred in relying on the November 2019 VA medical opinion.

D. No Special Circumstances Make an Award Unjust on this Appeal.

The Secretary does not meet the heavy burden of proving that "special circumstances make an award unjust." 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A). *See Devine v. Sutermeister*, 733 F.2d 892, 895 (Fed. Cir. 1984); *Love v. Reilly*, 924 F.2d 1492, 1495 (9th Cir. 1991). Courts narrowly construe the "special circumstances" exception so as not to interfere with the Congressional purpose for passing the EAJA, i.e., to ensure that litigants have access to the courts when suing the Government. *See Martin v. Heckler*, 772 F.2d 1145, 1150 (11th Cir. 1985); *Taylor v. United States*, 815 F.2d 249, 253 (3d Cir. 1987). "[T]hat few courts apparently have relied upon this exception to EAJA awards in denying fee applications is evidence that the circumstances of a case will infrequently justify a denial of an award." There is no reason or special circumstance to deny this Fee Petition.

II. THE COURT SHOULD AWARD APPELLANT REASONABLE FEES AND EXPENSES OF \$22,342.80.

The EAJA provides that a court "shall" award "fees and other expenses" when the other prerequisites of the statute have been met. 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(1)(A). The statute defines "fees and other expenses" to include reasonable attorney fees." 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A).

When Congress has authorized the award of "reasonable" attorney fees, the amount to be awarded is based upon "the number of hours expended on the litigation multiplied by a reasonable hourly rate." *See Hensley*, 461 U.S. at 433; *National Ass'n of Concerned Veterans v. Secretary of Defense*, 675 F.2d 1319, 1325 (D.C. Cir. 1982).

A. Hours Reasonably Expended

As the Declaration of Glenn R. Bergmann, Esq. (attached hereto as Exhibit B) documents, in the exercise of sound billing judgment, Appellant's counsel is not asking for payment for time spent on administrative matters such as copying or filing, nor for communications (either written or oral) among co-counsel. Moreover, being mindful of the reasonableness requirement, Appellant is not requesting compensation for 8.7 hours – totaling \$1,831.65 -- of billable attorney time and \$367.13 from the expenses. (See Exhibit B). Appellant's counsel submits that a reasonable attorney, exercising sound billing judgment, would charge for time spent on all matters included in Exhibit B – this may have included limited time expended for "peer review" where necessary to ensure that any briefs filed contained comprehensive and complete arguments pertinent to the underlying appeal. To the extent "peer review" time was expended, such would have involved senior attorneys and would have taken the place of "supervisory review" of a substantive pleading.

B. Reasonable Hourly Rate

Under the EAJA, the amount of fees awarded "shall be based upon the prevailing market rates for the kind and quality of services furnished" but "shall not be awarded in

excess of \$125.00 per hour unless the Court determines that an increase in the cost of living" is necessary. Appellant's counsel, Glenn R. Bergmann, avers that the usual and customary fee for working on similar matters has ranged from \$395.00 in 2019 for attorneys with less than one year experience to \$670.00 per hour in 2021 for attorneys with 20 years' experience according to the most recent fees matrix prepared by the Civil Division of the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Columbia (USAO).¹

1. The EAJA Statutory Cap of \$125.00 Should be Adjusted Upward to Reflect the Increase in the Cost of Living.

Under 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d)(2)(A)(ii), attorneys may demonstrate that an increase in the cost of living justifies an increase in the \$125.00 per hour statutory cap. *See Pierce v. Underwood*, 108 S. Ct. 2541, 2553 (1988) (referring to a cap of \$75.00 per hour "adjusted for inflation."); *Philips v. General Serv. Admin.*, 924 F.2d 1577, 1583 (Fed. Cir. 1991). An increase for cost of living is generally allowed. *Johnston v. Sullivan*, 919 F.2d 503, 508-10 (8th Cir. 1990); *Animal Lovers Volunteer Ass'n, inc. v. Carlucci*, 867 F.2d 1224, 1227 (9th Cir. 1989); *Coup v. Heckler*, 839 F.2d 313, 320 (3d Cir. 1987); *Baker v. Brown*, 839 F.2d 1075 (5th Cir. 1988) (allowed except in unusual circumstances).

This Court in *Elcyzyn v. Brown*, 7 Vet. App. 170 (1994), decided for the first time that an Appellant's attorney can petition for a fee in excess of the then statutory cap based upon the Consumer Price Index as published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. *Id.* at 179-181. This Court further directed attorneys filing for an increased fee based upon the CPI to choose a mid-point in the litigation to establish the appropriate date for calculating the cost-of-living increase. *Id.* at 181. In this case, the Court issued a memorandum decision in March 2023. Appellant selects July 2021, as the date for calculating the CPI increase. *See Elcyzyn v. Brown*, 7 Vet. App. 170, 181 (1994).

¹ See The Fitzpatrick Matrix, 2013-2021, U.S. Attorney's Office, District of Columbia, Civil Division ("It has been developed to provide 'a reliable assessment of fees charged for complex federal litigation in the District of Columbia,' as the United States Court of Appeals for the District of Columbia Circuit urged.") (quoting *DL v. District of Columbia*, 924 F.3d 585, 595 (D.C. Cir. 2019).

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Appellant submits that the Court should increase the \$125.00 per hour cap by the general inflationary index in the cost of living since March of 1996, as reflected by the CPI-U for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV, area.² According to the most recent report from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, the CPI-U for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV, area – rose 76.20% between March 1996, and July 2021. Applying the increase in the CPI to the statutory rate, Appellant's counsel should be compensated at the rate of \$220.25 per hour. This rate was calculated by subtracting the CPI-U for July 2021 (279.099) from that of March 1996 (158.4), and dividing the result (120.699) by the CPI-U for March 1996. The result (.7620), representing the increase between March 1996 and July 2021 was then multiplied by the statutory rate (\$125.00), demonstrating an increase of \$95.25, which was added to the \$125.00 statutory rate to arrive at the inflation-adjusted rate of \$220.25 per hour.

In addition, the Court has held that work done by attorney-supervised paralegals and law students fall under the EAJA, and it is compensable at the prevailing market rate for the area in which such work was performed. *Sandoval v. Brown*, 9 Vet. App. 177, 181 (U.S. 1996); *see also Cook v. Brown*, 6 Vet. App. 226, 230 (1994). Appellant avers that paralegals and law clerks should be compensated at a rate of \$180.00 per hour, where the customary market rate for the work done by paralegals and law clerks was, \$199.00 in 2020, and \$200.00 in 2021, according to the most recent legal fees matrix prepared by the USAO.³ This fees matrix explains that rates for the 2022 calendar year and subsequent years will be generated using the CPI to adjust for inflation.⁴

² This Court determined that the local CPI-U should be used to calculate the cost-of-living increase. *Mannino v. West*, 12 Vet. App. 242 (1999). Accordingly, counsel has selected CPI-U for Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV, to calculate the rate of inflation.

³ See The Fitzpatrick Matrix, supra.

⁴ *Id.* (explaining that because the data collected for this matrix runs through 2020, "[t]o generate rates in 2021, an inflation adjustment (rounded to the nearest whole dollar) was added. The United States Attorney's Office determine that, because courts and many parties have employed the legal service index of the Consumer Price Index to adjust attorney hourly rates for inflations, this matrix will do likewise.").

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Considering the foregoing, Appellant's counsel requests a fee of \$20,042.75 based upon 91.0 hours of attorney work; and \$2,300.05 in expenses (See exhibit B) for a total of \$22,342.80.

Respectfully submitted,

/s/ Glenn R. Bergmann
GLENN R. BERGMANN, ESQ.
Bergmann & Moore, LLC
25 W. Middle Lane
Rockville, MD 20850
(301) 290-3106

Counsel for Appellant

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Exhibit A

CERTIFICATE OF NET WORTH

I, Glenn R. Bergmann, of Rockville, Maryland, hereby declare that at the time this appeal was filed, Appellant did not have a net worth of, or in excess of, \$2,000,000.00. *See* Paragraph 3 of the retainer agreement filed with the Court.

/s/ Glenn R. Bergmann Glenn R. Bergmann Case: 20-7244 Page: 13 of 23 Filed: 06/27/2023

Exhibit B DECLARATION OF APPELLANT'S COUNSEL, GLENN R. BERGMANN

In support of Appellant's application for attorney's fees under 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d), I Glenn R. Bergmann hereby declare as follows:

- 1. I am an attorney licensed to practice in the State of Maryland, and am admitted to practice before the United States Court of Appeals for Veterans Claims.
- 2. I have represented Larry D. Edwards in Edwards v. McDonough, Vet. App. No. 20-7244 without charge.
- 3. In June 2023 I visited the website maintained by the U.S. Dept. of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics and ascertained the CPI-U for the Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV, area rose by 120.699 between March 1996, when the EAJA was amended, and July 2021.
- 4. In June 2023 I visited the website maintained by USAO and determined that market rate for paralegals and law clerks was \$199.00 in 2020, and \$200.00 in 2021.

The following is a statement of the exact service rendered and expenses incurred in the representation of the Appellant. In addition to Glenn Bergmann, Esq. (GRB), attorneys who worked on this appeal include: Bryan Andersen (BBA); David Ames (DSA); Hannah Youh (HCY); Joshua Leach (JDL); Joseph Murphy (JLM); Nicole Steers (NMS); Lila Kanovsky (MLK); Steven Spitzer (SMS); Sharon Kim (SRK); Tom Polseno (TMP); and Yoon Ha Park (YHP). All are members of the Court's bar. Additionally, (P)aralegals who worked on this appeal include: Melissa Drake (P) (MAD); and Taciana Melanson (P) (TSM).

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Timesheet: Larry D. Edwards (20-7244)

June 27, 2023

Legal Services

Date Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
9/11/20	BVA decision case screen (BBA/DSA)	.3		.3
10/8/20	T/C to client sign up (RHJ)	.2	(.2)	.0
	Correspondence to veteran w/ attachments	.1	(.1)	.0
10/16/20	Review documents from veteran including POA docs (JLM/NMS)	.2		.2
	Prepare appearance, review/sign POA (GRB)	.1		.1
	Prepared Financial Hardship	.1	(.1)	.0
	Review notice of docketing (SRK)	.1		.1
11/9/20	Evaluate BVA decision denial for assignment (SRK)	.1		.1
11/10/20	Prepare notice of appearance as co-counsel (JDL)	.1		.1
	Prepare new client correspondence outlining appellate process w/ attachments (JLM/GRB)	.2		.2
	Review RBA filing notice (JDL)	.1		.1
	Review copy of BVA decision filed by VA (JDL)	.1		.1
11/23/20	Review VA notice of appearance (JDL)	.1		.1
12/1/20	Corres from client review letter from client noting evidence in his file he would like us to highlight (JDL)	.1		.1
12/11/20	Receive RBA CD (527 pages) (RHJ)	.2	(.2)	.0
12/22/20	E-corres to and from VA re: our extension; RBA rev ext (JDL)	.2	(.2)	.0
12/29/20	Prepare motion for extension RBA rev ext (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Review Court order granting our extension; RBA revext (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
1/29/21	T/c to client re: case status (NMS)	.1		.1

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Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
1/29/21	RBA page-by-page review for legibility/completeness pursuant to R. 10; confirmed accuracy of all evidence/documents relied upon in BVA decision; determined relevance of incomplete/illegible	1.0		1.0
1/31/21	documents identified in review, 1-527 (NMS) Prepare report re: RBA completeness/legibility; e- corres re: RBA review (NMS)	.1		.1
2/1/21	Review Rule 10 memo & pertinent portions of RBA ir contemplation of RBA dispute (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
2/8/21	RBA merits review (ignoring illegible / incomplete documents previously deemed not relevant at R. 10) in preparation for drafting Rule 33 memo identifying potential bases for alternative resolution, taking notes, 1-527 (JDL)	2.2		2.2
2/9/21	Prepare statement accepting RBA (JDL)	.1		.1
	Review notice to file brief (JDL) Draft Rule 33 memo; identifying errors for alternative resolution consideration; DTA - inadequate exam, discounting lay statements, no reasoned medical opinion; R&B - favorable evidence re presumptive service connection (JDL)	.1 3.4		.1 3.4
	Draft Rule 33 memo; identifying errors for alternative resolution consideration; R&B - favorable evidence re presumptive service connection (cont.); DTA - obtain relevant gov. records (JDL)	1.7		1.7
2/24/21	Review order scheduling CLS conference (JDL)	.1	(1.0)	.1
3/3/21	Supervisory review of conference memo; review related materials & identify add'l memo content (BBA	1.0	(1.0)	.0
3/5/21	Revise Rule 33 memo, adding citations to RBA & authorities where necessary; address Board's finding at to no reports after service and add alternative DTA obtain gov. records argument (JDL)	.8		.8
	Create abstract RBA for CLS review (JDL)	.3	(.3)	.0
	E-corres to VA with R.33 memo (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Prepare R33 Certificate of Service (JDL) Draft assessment re: case goals/merits (JDL)	.1 .4		.1 .4
3/22/21	E-corres to and from VA OGC wants to reschedule due to death of close friend (JDL)	.2	(.1)	.1
	Review OGC motion to reschedule (JDL)	.1		.1

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Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
3/22/21	Review Court order granting OGC motion to reschedule (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
4/29/21	Review litigation file inc. Rule 33 memo in preparation for CLS conference (JDL)	n .4		.4
	Participate in CLS conference (JDL)	.4		.4
	Prepare CLS conference notes for file (JDL)	.2		.2
	T/c to client spoke to client and explained the briefing process (JDL)	.2		.2
5/3/21	E-corres to VA outlining new due process argument as to direct review NOD evidence (JDL)	.4		.4
	Supervisory review of conference notes & memo to assess bases for defense (BBA)	.4	(.4)	.0
	E-corres from VA OGC will take a look at new argument later this week and get back to me. (JDL)	.1		.1
5/24/21	E-corres to and from VA OGC requesting 14-day stay to evaluate new argument; unopposed (JDL)	.1		.1
5/26/21	Review OGC filed motion to stay until 6/9/21 (JDL)	.1		.1
5/27/21	Review Court order granting stay (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
6/8/21	E-corres to VA re: status of JMR/stay (JDL)	.1		.1
6/9/21	E-corres from VA reviewed additional arguments and will be defending; unopposed to brief extension (JDL)	.1		.1
6/14/21	Prepare motion for extension principal brief ext (JDL)	.3	(.2)	.1
	Review Court order granting our extension; principal brief ext (JDL)	.1		.1
6/25/21	Draft principal brief w/ nature of case / summary of issues, statement of relevant facts & procedural history; draft nature of case, summary of issues, statement of relevant facts (JDL)	2.3		2.3
	E-corres to VA outlining new DTA argument re chiro recs not advance in the SOI (JDL)	.4		.4
7/2/21	Draft principal brief w/ nature of case / summary of issues, statement of relevant facts & procedural history; summary of relevant facts (cont.); summary of arguments (JDL)	1.2		1.2
7/8/21	Draft principal brief; due process and reasons or bases re: NOD and direct review lane; (JDL)	3.4		3.4
	Draft principal brief; due process and reasons or bases re: NOD and direct review lane (cont.); DTA - failure to obtain relevant federal records requested by Appellant and to obtain relevant private records (JDL)	3.1		3.1

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Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C) Billed Hours
7/8/21	Draft principal brief; begin DTA - inadequate exam (JDL)	1.5	1.5
7/9/21	Draft principal brief; DTA inadequate exam (cont.); DTA - new exam necessary for clarification; Begin R&B favorable evidence (JDL)	3.3	3.3
	Draft principal brief; R&B favorable evidence; presumptive service connection (JDL)	2.1	2.1
	T/c to client spoke to client and provided status update re: filing of our brief and timeline from there (JDL)	.2	.2
7/16/21	Supervisory review of draft principal brief; review related materials & identify add'l brief content (BBA)	2.0	2.0
7/22/21	Revise principal brief; add due process arguments; R&B clarification arguments; DTA records and exam arguments (JDL)	2.8	2.8
7/28/21	Final review & revision of principal brief for filing (JDL)	1.1	1.1
	Correspondence to client with attached principal brief	.1	.1
8/2/21	E-corres from client re: question about brief (JDL)	.1	.1
	E-corres to client responding to question about brief (JDL)	.1	.1
9/23/21	E-corres to and from VA OGC requesting brief extension; unopposed (JDL)	.1	.1
9/24/21	Review OGC brief extension (JDL)	.1	.1
	Review Court order granting OGC brief extension (JDL)	.1	.1
11/15/21	Review notice of VA's brief (JDL)	.1	(.1) .0
	E-corres to client re: case status update; reply briefing (JDL)	.1	.1
11/16/21	E-corres from client confirming understanding of case status update (JDL)	.1	.1
11/22/21	E-corres to and from VA re: our extension; unopposed to reply brief extension (JDL)	.2	(.2) .0
11/29/21	Prepare motion for extension reply brief ext (JDL)	.2	(.2) .0
	Review Court order granting our extension; reply brief ext (JDL)		(.1) .0
12/21/21	E-corres to client re: case status update, beginning reply brief (JDL)	.1	.1
	Review litigation file inc. briefs in order to repare repl brief (JDL)	y .7	.7

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Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
12/21/21	E-corres from client confirming understanding of case status update re: reply brief (JDL)	.1		.1
	Draft reply brief; Due process argument re: 11/19 notification and 20.202(f) clarification, Evans counterargument; error not harmless (JDL)	3.4		3.4
12/22/21	Draft reply brief; DTA - military records and private treatment records; begin DTA - inadequate exam (JDL	3.3		3.3
	Draft reply brief; DTA inadequate exam; R&B favorable evidence (JDL)	2.5		2.5
1/7/22	Supervisory review of draft reply brief; review related materials & identify add'l brief content (BBA)	2.8	(1.0)	1.8
1/10/22	Revise reply brief; case language and citations (JDL)	.4		.4
	Prepare table of authorities and table of contents for reply brief (P) (TSM)	1.2	(1.2)	.0
	Review table of authorities and table of contents for reply brief (P) (TSM)	.3	(.3)	.0
	Final review & revision of reply brief for filing (JDL)	.7		.7
1/14/22	Correspondence to client with attached reply brief (GRB)	.1		.1
1/20/22	Review ROP filing notice (JDL)	.1		.1
1/24/22	Review ROP for compliance with Rule 28 and note findings (HCY)	1.1		1.1
	Prepare statement accepting ROP (JDL)	.1		.1
1/26/22	Review Judge assignment (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
1/31/22	E-corres from client confirming receipt of reply brief (JDL)	.1		.1
4/4/22	E-corres to client re: case status update (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres from client confirming understanding of case status update (JDL)	.1		.1
4/6/22	E-corres from client requesting further information as to appeals process (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client providing further information re: appeals process (JDL)	.1		.1
5/3/22	Review Court order submitting case to panel (JDL)	.1		.1
5/20/22	Review Court order noting oral arguments will be scheduled (JDL)	.1		.1
5/26/22	Review Court order scheduling oral argument (JDL)	.1		.1
6/2/22	T/c to client left VM re case status update (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1

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Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
6/2/22	T/c from client spoke to client re: case status and timeline (JDL)	.1		.1
6/6/22	E-corres to and from VA re: OGC request to	.1		.1
	reschedule oral argument (JDL) Review OGC motion to reschedule oral argument (JDL)	.1		.1
6/8/22	Review Court order granting OGC motion to reschedule (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
6/9/22	Prepare notice of appearance as co-counsel (TMP)	.1		.1
6/14/22	Prepare notice of appearance as co-counsel supervisor/second counsel at OA (BBA)	.1		.1
7/6/22	E-corres from client requesting case status update (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: case status and scheduling of oral argument (JDL)	.1		.1
7/29/22	Review Court order scheduling oral argument (JDL)	.1		.1
8/19/22	Book flights (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Book flights (BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
8/22/22	E-corres from VA request for position on motion to clarify (JDL)	.1	` ′	.1
	E-corres to VA no position on motion to clarify (JDL)	.1		.1
9/6/22	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres from client confirming understanding of case status update (JDL)	.1		.1
9/8/22	Review litigation file inc. briefs and prepare outline in	3.4		3.4
	preparation of oral argument (JDL)			
9/12/22	Review litigation file inc. briefs and prepare outline in preparation of oral argument cont'd (JDL)			3.5
	Review litigation file inc. briefs and prepare outline in preparation of oral argument; practice oral argument (JDL)	3.1		3.1
9/13/22	review outline/practice oral argument (JDL)	1.5		1.5
	Supervisory review of case materials in preparation for most oral argument #1 (TMP)			.8
	Participate in moot OA #1 (TMP)	.8		.8
	Participate in moot OA (JDL)	.8		.8
	Supervisory review of case materials in preparation fo moot oral argument #1 (BBA)			.5
	Participate in moot OA #1 (BBA)	.8		.8

Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
9/13/22	Supervisory review of case materials in preparation for moot oral argument #1 (MLK)	.5		.5
	participate in moot OA #1 (MLK)	.8		.8
9/19/22	Review litigation file inc. briefs and	3.5		3.5
	record/ROP/regulations in preparation for moot oral argument #2 (JDL)			
	Supervisory review of case materials in preparation for moot oral argument #2 (SMS)	.5		.5
	Review litigation file inc. briefs and	2.0		2.0
	record/ROP/regulations in preparation for moot oral argument #2 (JDL)			
	Participate in moot OA #2 (JDL)	.8		.8
	Supervisory review of case materials in preparation for moot oral argument #2 (TMP)	.6		.6
	Participate in moot OA #2 (TMP)	.8		.8
	Participate in moot OA #2 (SMS)	.8		.8
9/20/22	Review litigation file inc. briefs and case law/regs;	2.2		2.2
	practice OA (JDL)			
	Hotel stay (JDL)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Hotel stay (BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Transportation (JDL/BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Meals (JDL/BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
	Transportation (BBA/BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
9/21/22	Review litigation file inc. briefs and case law/regs;	1.0		1.0
	practice OA cont'd (JDL)			
	participated in oral argument (JDL)	1.3		1.3
	E-corres from client re: case status (JDL)	.1	(1)	.1
	Meals (JDL/BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
0/22/22	Transportation (JDL/BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
9/22/22	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
	Review Court notice that case was argued (JDL)	.1	(1)	.1
11/1/22	Transportation (JDL/BBA)	.1	(.1)	.0
11/1/22	E-corres from client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
11/10/22	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
11/10/22	E-corres from client re: case status and process once discission is issued (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: case status and process once discission is issued (JDL)	.1		.1
11/25/22	E-corres from client re: timeline for decision (JDL)	.1		.1

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Date	Description of Services	Total Hours	(N/C)	Billed Hours
11/28/22	E-corres to client re: timeline for decision (JDL)	.1		.1
1/6/23	E-corres from client requesting status update as to decision (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
2/13/23	E-corres from client requesting status update (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
3/13/23	E-corres from client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: case status (JDL)	.1		.1
3/20/23	Review mem. dec.; prepare memo summarizing outcome and consideration of R.35; Court decision (JDL)	.6		.6
3/21/23	Supervisory review of case materials inc. court decision & R.35 memo in consideration of seeking further review (BBA)	.5		.5
	E-corres from client requesting status as to Court decision (JDL)	.1		.1
3/22/23	Supervisory review of case materials inc. court decision & R.35 memo in consideration of seeking further review (TMP)	.4	(.4)	.0
	E-corres to client re: outcome of Court decision (JDL)			.1
3/23/23	Prepare client memory drive with C-file	.1	(.1)	.0
3/24/23	E-corres from client re: process from here (JDL)	.1		.1
	E-corres to client re: process from here (JDL)	.1		.1
4/10/23	Commence client correspondence re: case disposition and next steps (NMS)	.9		.9
4/12/23	T/c to client re: case disposition and next steps (NMS)			.4
	Complete client correspondence re: case disposition and next steps (P) (MAD)	.1	(.1)	.0
5/1/23	Prepare correspondence to client re: case status update (P) (MAD)	.1	(.1)	.0
6/13/23	Review mandate (GRB)	.1		.1
6/20/23	Review timesheet entries for accuracy and no-charge time in consideration of reasonableness and billing judgment (YHP)	1.3	(.3)	1.0
6/27/23	Prepare EAJA application (YHP)	.5		.5
	Supervisory review of EAJA application (SRK)	.2		.2

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Total Services Rendered		<u>99.7</u> hrs	21,874.40
Total Services Not Charged		<u>(-8.7)</u> hrs	<u>(-1,831.65)</u>
Total Charged Attorney Services Total Charged Paralegal Services Total Services Charged		91.0 hrs 0.0 hrs 91.0 hrs	20,042.75 0.00 20,042.75
Expenses Standard Mail Rate	0.55	11/10/20	
Priority Mail	7.95	07/28/21	
Priority Mail	8.95	01/14/22	
Airline expense for JDL	768.19	08/19/22	
Airline expense for BBA	768.19	08/19/22	
Hotel Stay- 2 nights for JDL	366.97	09/20/22	
Transportation	42.48	09/20/22	
(Not Charged)	(-42.48)		
Meals	28.45	09/20/22	
(Not Charged)	(-28.45)		
Transportation	80.50	09/20/22	
(Not Charged)	(-80.50)	00/00/00	
Hotel Stay- 2 nights for BBA	363.97	09/20/22	
Transportation	6.66	09/21/22	
(Not Charged)	(-6.66)	00/21/22	
Meal (Not Charged)	159.62	09/21/22	
(Not Charged)	(-159.62) 49.42	09/22/22	
Transportation (Not Charged)	(-49.42)	09/22/22	
Client Memory Drive	5.00	03/23/23	
Priority Mail	9.65	03/23/23	
Standard Mail	0.63	05/01/23	
Standard Wall	0.03	03/01/23	
Total Expenses	2,667.18		
Total Expenses Not Charged	(-367.13)		
Total Expenses Charged	2,300.05		

Total current services rendered plus expenses

\$22,342.80

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

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/s/Glenn R. Bergmann June 27, 2023
Glenn R. Bergmann Date